BRARY

# CLOWNE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.



WORKSOP.

H. P. SISSONS, 8 POTTER STREET.



# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# Medical Officer of Health

TO THE

# Clowne Rural District Council

for the Year 1946

Printed by Order of the Council.

A. H. WEAR, M.D., B.S., D.P.H., B. Hy.,
Medical Officer of Health.

## PREFACE

To the Chairman and Members of the CLOWNE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Mr. CHAIRMAN, MRS. WRAGG AND GENTLEMEN,

I have pleasure in submitting my Report on the Health and Sanitary conditions of your district for the year 1946.

Housing is the greatest problem we have to face, and large numbers of families are still living under intolerable conditions. The slowness of the building programme is causing a considerable amount of exasperation and annoyance.

The health of the district has been satisfactory. It is pleasing to note that there has been a considerable decrease in the notifications of Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

Mr. Gallagher died with tragic suddenness in February, and in June Mr. Turner left to take another appointment. Mr. G. L. McCann, of Cirencester was duly appointed chief Sanitary Inspector and Surveyor and Mr. A. A. Short, of Liverpool, was in July appointed Assistant Sanitary Inspector.

I wish to take this opportunity of thanking the Chairman and Members of the Council for their continued interest and support.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,
A. H. WEAR,
Medical Officer of Health.

"Dale Close,"
100 Chesterfield Road South,
Mansfield.

## STATISTICS OF THE AREA

Area (Acres)	• • •	13,436
Population mid-year (Registrar-General) 19	046	17,980
Rateable value 1946	• • •	£76,591
Sum represented by a Penny-rate 1946	• • •	£292

## SOCIAL CONDITIONS

The Social conditions are mainly industrial, the chief occupations of the inhabitants being coal mining and agriculture.

The district is hilly and elevated in the centre, north and south. On the west it slopes towards the valley of the river Rother and the valley of the river Doe Lea, but the boundary does not extend as far as these valleys.

In the North-east and East it is bounded by small dykes and brooks. In the Eastern area these find their way way into the

lakes of Welbeck and the rivers Poulter and Trent.

# CHIEF CAUSES OF INVALIDITY IN THE DISTRICT

Scabies continues to be one of the most common causes of invalidity in the area. 239 persons, 131 adults and 108 children received treatment.

It is disappointing to find that the figure for the treatment of scabies is not lower and and there is no doubt that over-crowding and the soap shortage have much to do with the high incidence.

48 children and 8 adults received treatment for verminous lieads. The Health Visitors advise parents regarding treatment and only very severe cases have to be sent to Poolsbrook.

#### NUTRITION

The health and well-being of the school children is much the same. The number of "sub-normal" nutrition cases still remains small.

Free milk and the school meals have been a great help, but there are many more who will benefit when the mid-day meal

becomes free.

With regard to the rest of the community, there is no doubt that the present diet is spartan and inadequate for those people who are unable to take their mid day meal out. If more butter, eggs and meat were available the outlook would be much brighter.

It is satisfactory to note that there has been more fruit in

the shops during the year.

# VITAL STATISTICS.

BIRT	`HS.	Total.	M.	F.			
Live Births:—	Legitimate Illegitimat	355 e 13	189	166 5	Birth-ra of the est dent pop	te per imated pulatio	1,000 l resi- n 20.
Stillbirths				4	Rate per (live an 25.4.	er 1,000 d still)	o tota birth
	Total.	M.	F.				
DEATHS.	195	95	100	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} D \\ I, 0 \\ res \end{array}\right.$	eath-rate ooo of the sident pop	per estima ulation	ated
Deaths fro	m puerpera	al caus	es (H	eadin	g 29 and	30 of	the
Registrar-Ge	eneral Shor	t List)	:				
			***				
			Deat		Rate per		
No. 29 Puerp	oral Sana	ic			(live and s	still) bi	ruis
			_	-			
No. 30 Other	puerperar	Callses		• 			
	Tot	al	_	-			
DEATH-RATE	OF INFANT	S UND	er Oi	NE YE	AR OF AG	E	
All infants	per 1,000 l	live bir	ths		• • •	• • •	29.8
Legitimate	infants pe	r 1,000	legit	imate			30.0
Illegitimat	e infants pe	er 1,000	illeg	itimat	e live birt	hs	
Deaths from	:						
Measles (a	ll ages)			• • •			
· ·	Cough (al.			• • •	• • •		
	(under two	years	of age	2)	• • •	• • •	
Cancer (al		• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •	33

38

6

Heart (all ages)

Violence

Birth-rate, Death-rate and Analysis of Mortality during the year 1946.

1	-	STREET, SQUARE, SQUARE					
Sate per 1000 Live Births	Total	deaths under 1 year	43	46	37	41	29
Rate per 100 Live Births		Diarrheea an Enteritis, under 2 yea	4.4	6.1	6.1 SS:	4:0	0.0
NOIL		Ezuənlini	0.15	0.13	0.14	0.12	0.05
Popula		Diphtheria	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00
PER 1,000 POPULATION	цЯпо	os-SuidoodW	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.00
TE PER	Scarlet Fever		0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00
ANNUAL DEATH-RATE	ylessles		0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00
JAL DE	xoq-Iliani2			1	1	1	
ANN	Enteric Fever		0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00
		у]] сяпгег	11.5	12.7	11.7	12.7	10.8
Birth Rate per 1,000	Total Population	Still Stribs	0.53	0.67	0.59	6.0	0.55
Birth per 1	To	oviJ siltiis	19.1	22.2	21.3	21.5	20.4
			England and Wales	126 County Boroughs & Great Towns, including London	148 Smaller Towns (1931 adjusted Populations 25,000-50,000)	London	CLOWNE R.D

## GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

## Laboratory Facilities

No changes or developments have been made in connection with laboratory facilities. The number of types of specimens dealt with by the County Laboratories were as follows:—

Enterica:	and a			Pos.	Neg.	Total
Typhoid,	Para-T	vphoid A	A & B	_		
Gaertner						_
Diphtheria					29	29
Vincents A	ngina		• • •		20	20
Phthisis	•••			I	22	23
Water		• • •		I	4	5
Milk:—						
T.B. Inc	culation	sent from	n Ministr	ry		
	iculture			_		
		on, Routi			_	_
Methy	lene Blu	e Test R	outine Sa	ample	_	_
Bacter	rial Cont	ent, Rou	tine San	iples		
Bacille	as Coli, I	Routine S	Samples		_	
Miscellaneo	us	• • •	• • •		7	7
				2	82	84

# AMBULANCE FACILITIES IN THE AREA

The following are available:-

(a) For Infectious Cases.

Ambulances are provided by the North-east Derbyshire Isolation Hospital Board.

(b) For Non-Infectious Cases.

The Red Cross Ambulance at Creswell is available for these cases. Telephone No. Creswell 237. This ambulance can be used anywhere in Clowne R.D. by the payment of a small fee.

In an emergency the Bolsover Colliery Ambulance and the Shireoaks Colliery Ambulance may be used.

(c) For Maternity Patients.

The above ambulances for Non-Infectious cases may be used for Maternity Patients.

# MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE AND SCHOOL CLINICS

All these clinics are under the control of the County Council. A Maternity and Child Welfare Clinic is held every week on a Tuesday afternoon in the Hall attached to the Methodist Chapel North Street, Clowne.

Tuberculosis Clinic. Held at Brimington Road, Chesterfield, on— Tuesday and Friday from 10 to 12.30 and 2 to 4 p.m.

Venereal Clinics.

These are at Chesterfield Royal Hospital.

Males Mondays from 6 until 8 p.m.

Wednesdays from 6 until 8 p.m.

Saturdays at 2.30 p.m.

Females Mondays at 3 p.m.

Thursdays from 2 until 4 p.m.

# SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

#### Water

The whole of the water supply for the Clowne Rural District is obtained from the Manton Colliery, near Worksop.

At Hodthorpe Pumping Station the water is chlorinated, .r parts per million being added. Bacteriological samples are taken once a month at the source before chlorination and these samples are consistently up to standard.

Owing to water being laid on to a number of farms and the extra amount required for new houses and for the conversion schemes at Whitwell and Creswell, a much larger bulk of supply is required. In my opinion, an extra supply of water from the Manton Colliery is a matter of urgency, as at one time during the winter months, owing to the large number of burst pipes, the Barlborough Reservoir was empty and the position of this parish was desperate.

I understand that preliminary investigations and tests regarding an extra supply of water are at present in progress.

Eleven farms have been provided with main water during the year, this has included the provision of troughs for watering the cattle and also water for use in the dairies. The benefit of an adequate and wholesome water supply to a dairy farmer as an aid to the production of a clean milk cannot be overestimated.

Two houses have been provided with main water. Water has also been supplied to two opencast coal site workings for industrial purposes.

New mains and incidental works have been completed to service the 172 new houses on the four housing sites at Clowne, Creswell, Whitwell and Barlborough and facilities exist for future development regarding water supply on all sites.

Samples of water were taken in November from each of the four parishes and these were satisfactory except for one taken near to the New Housing Estate in Clowne Parish. unsatisfactory sample was found to be due entirely to dust and dirt which had gained access to the water owing to many tappings and extensions of the mains. After the mains had been flushed a further sample was satisfactory.

It is interesting to note that on an average the parishes consumed the following gallons of water per month during 1946:—

Creswell	• • •	22.9	gallons
Clowne		14.2	2)
Barlborough		I 2	17
Whitwell		19.11	11

The water is not liable to plumbo-solvent action.

(ii) Having a standpipe supply

#### Parish of Clowne

- arisir or orowing.		
(a) Estimated present population	• • •	5,000
(b) Total number of inhabited dwellings		1,305
(i) Having a piped supply laid on	• • •	1,305
(ii) Having a standpipe supply	• • •	Nil
Parish of Creswell.		
(a) Estimated present population	• • •	5, <b>50</b> 0
(b) Total number of inhabited dwellings	• • •	1,430
(i) Having a piped supply laid on		1,425

5

Parish of Whitwell.

(a) Estimated present population		5,000
(b) Total number of inhabited dwellings		1,305
(i) Having a piped supply laid on		1,299
(ii) Having a standpipe supply	•••	6
Parish of Barlborough.		
(a) Estimated present population	• • •	2,500
(b) Total number of inhabited dwellings		650
(i) Having a piped supply laid on		644
(ii) Having a standpipe supply	* * *	6

## SEWAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL

During the year 9 inch foul sewers and surface water sewers have been installed at each of the four housing sites at Clowne, Creswell, Whitwell and Barlborough.

Continued nuisance from flooding at Church Street, Clowne, has been experienced and resulting from investigations made, the cause has proved to be the overloading of a Council sewer in Church Street, by surface water.

The responsibility for the disposal of highway surface water rests with the Derbyshire County Council and details for the construction of a new surface water sewer have been prepared by them and the work is to commence in the very near future.

Preparations have been made and tenders are being invited for the construction of a new outfall sewer at Mastin Moor, Barlborough. This sewer will abolish all cesspools in the vicinity of Mastin Moor.

Preliminary details for the construction of a modern sewage disposal works to deal with the Low Road, John Street, and West Lea areas of the Parish of Clowne are in the course of preparation.

The completion of these disposal facilities will enable all existing dry closets in the Parish of Clowne to be converted to the water carriage system.

The existing disposal works in the Parish of Creswell have proved to be insufficient and unsatisfactory to deal with the sewage from this parish and the construction of a modern disposal works is contemplated.

A scheme for the conversion of 248 dry closets (103 privies and 145 pails) in the Parishes of Whitwell and Creswell has been drawn up and submitted to the Ministry of Health for approval.

DRAINAGE AND SEWAGE.

No new sewers were laid during the year except on the new housing sites.

CLOSET CONVERSIONS

Only two pail-closets and two privy-middens were converted into water closets. The large number of privy-middens in the district are undoubtedly a menace to the health of the inhabitants. It is desirable that a general conversion scheme at Whitwell and Clowne should be carried out as soon as possible.

#### ERADICATION OF BED BUGS.

Number of houses disinfected:-

(a) Council Houses ... 2

(b) Other Houses ... -

## URGENT SANITARY REQUIREMENTS

1. The building of houses to abate over-crowding.

2. The construction of a sewage works to deal with the sewerage from West Lea Cottages, Clowne, so that the conversion of the existing dilapidated privy-middens at these cottages can be carried out.

### HOUSING

During the year only 6 Council houses have been completed. These are in the Parish of Whitwell.

Housing conditions remain the outstanding need of the population. Quite a large percentage require extensive repairs and there is much over-crowding. Many people are living under the worst possible conditions and few of the younger married couples have known a home of their own. There is still a great shortage of labour and materials.

172 Houses are in course of erection.

The Clowne Rural District Council have purchased 12 houses in Creswell, 8 of which are now occupied, from a private builder.

In addition, 16 houses, 13 of which are completed, are being

erected by private enterprise.

To date no further programme beyond the 172 houses mentioned above has been definitely formulated, it is hoped that following a Zonal Conference to be held in the near future the Clowne Rural District Council's proposals can be agreed upon.

The Housing Survey (Ministry of Health Circular 1944) has been completed in the Parish of Barlborough and has been commenced in the Parish of Clowne.

Details of the survey in Barlborough Parish are	e as f	ollows :
Total No. of houses surveyed	561	
Category 1. Satisfactory in all respects	227	(40.46%)
Category 2. Minor defects only	35	(6.24%)
Category 3. Requiring repair, structural		
alteration or improvement		(34.05%)
Category 4. Appropriate for reconditioning unde	r	
Provisions of Housing (Rural		
Workers) Act	94	(16.75%)
Category 5 Unfit for habitation and beyond		
repair at reasonable expense	14	( 2.50%)
Number of houses over-crowded as per		
standard of Housing Act 1936	23	(4.10%)
Number of houses not provided with the water		, ,,,
carriage system of sewage disposal	266	(47.42%)
Number of houses provided with pail closets	128	(22.82%)
Number of houses provided with privy closets	138	(24 60%)
Number of houses with no indoor piped		
water supply	8	(1.62%)

# INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

#### MILK SUPPLY

There are 89 cowsheds, dairies and milkshops in the area, and 59 inspections were made by the Sanitary Inspector. The National Milk Scheme continues to be popular.

#### MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

Chesterfield Municipal Abattoir continues to be used as the regional slaughterhouse for this area. The meat is inspected there by qualified meat inspectors before being sent to the local butchers. Owing to the shortage of feeding stuffs, etc., much of the English meat is below pre-war quality.

Transport of meat from this abattoir to the butchers is not carried out in a hygienic manner.

There is a bacon factory in the area and during the year 203 visits were made by the Sanitary Inspector.

#### FACTORIES ACT

There are 34 factories registered in the Clowne Rural District which are inspected from time to time and action taken as is necessary. Conditions generally were found to be satisfactory.

Cases of Infectious Disease notified during the year 1946.

		Total Deaths		17
pə		i sess IstoT iqsoH ot	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	55
din	٥	Whitwell	::::=2:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	24
notified the of the	ict.	Creswell	:::u;v::::::u,	22
Total Cases notified in	District	Clowne	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	57
Tota	car	Barlborough		12
	a value de Volta de	ed & upwards		1
		45 to 65		10
		35 to 45		(n)
ģ.	10	26 of 02		3
tifie	Ages—years	15 to 20	:::-:\\\\:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	1
S no	, j	21 of 01	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	15
Case	Ages	. 01 ot 2		36
Number of Cases notified	At	4 to, 5	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	13
nber		4 of E	:::: -::::::::::	9
Nun		2 to 3		13
		2 01 [	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	1
		Under 1		:
		At all Ages	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	115
		Notifiable Disease	Small-pox Cholera Plague Diphtheria Erysipelas Scarlet Fever Malaria Enteric Fever Encephalitis Lethargica Puerperal Fever Puerperal Pyrexia Ophthalmia Neonatorum Poliomyelitis Pulmonary Tuberculosis Protumonia Cerebrial-spinal Fever Dysentery Wheoling Cough	

# PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

#### DIPHTHERIA

1 case of this disease occurred and the patient was removed to hospital.

Every effort has been made to secure the immunisation of infants and to maintain the high level of immunisation in the school children.

372 children under 5 years of age and 85 between 5 and 15 years were immunised during the year.

#### SCARLET FEVER

57 cases were notified as compared with 59 last year. 53 were removed to hospital. The source of infection was by direct contact, either in school or in the cinema. The disease was mild in character and there were no deaths. Many of the cases occurred in over-crowded houses and in a number there was influenza in the home.

#### SMALLPOX

No cases of this disease occurred but a number of contacts from infected ships had to be kept under observation.

### CEREBRAL SPINAL FEVER

1 notification was received and the patient removed to Lodge Moor Hospital, Sheffield.

### MEASLES AND WHOOPING COUGH

8 cases of Measles and 22 cases of Whooping Cough were notified. There were no deaths.

#### TUBERCULOSIS

The following table gives particulars of new cases of tuberculosis and of all deaths from this disease during the year:—

Age Periods		N	NEW CASES				DEATHS			
		Pulm	Pulmonary		Non- Pulmonary		Pulmonary		on- onary	
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.
0	• • •	• • •								
1	• • •	• • •			2	I			I	
5	* * *	• • •				1				
10	• • •					2				
15		• • •								
20	• • •									
25	• • •		2				1	2		
35	* * *						1	1		
45	• • •			2			1			
55	•••	• • • •	I			1	1			
65 8	and upward	ls		I				2		1
	Totals	• • •	3	3	2	4	3	5	I	I

The phthisis death-rate is .33 per 1,000 of the population.

### ANNUAL REPORT OF SANITARY INSPECTOR.

CLOWNE RURAL SANITARY DISTRICT, 1946
Name of Inspector, G. L. McCANN

Area of district, 13,436 acres.

Estimated No. of Houses, 4,948.

New houses erected 1946: (a) By Local Authority—6
(b) By private enterprise—17

	Number of Inspections made by	Number of Serve	Number of Nuisances abated with	
	Sanitary Inspector,	1nformal	Legal	or without Notice
CLOSETS AND ASHPITS:				
Defective privies, pail closet	S			
& ashpits (not for conversio		40	24	34
Conversion of privies into w.c		2		
Conversion of pail closets into	)			
w.c's		2	—	2
Conversion of privies into pa	il			
closets	. 10	_	_	I
Defective water closets		35	10	30
Provision of additional wate	r			
closets	4		_	_
Provision of portable dustbin		32	0.00.00	262
Dirty closets	. 29	3		15
Drainage:				
No disconnection of waste pip	e —	_	—	_
Defective waste pipe, traps				
inlets and drains		59	7	57
Drains obstructed	. 102	30	2	91
Other Defects:				
Paving of courts and yards Roofs, eaves spouts and dow		16	-	16
spouts	064	132	17	122
Sinks	. 25	10	I	10
Insufficient ventilation	. 14	6	I	5

	In	umber of spections hade by	Number of Serve		Number of Nuisances abated with
		Sanitary Ispector	Informal	Legal	or without Notice.
OTHER DEFECTS—Conti	inue	i.			
Windows		17	8	2	9
Dampness		84	39	9	41
Water in cellars		-		_	_
Water supply		108	3	I	6
Over-crowding	• • •	51			21
Foul condition of houses		8	I		3
Offensive accumulations		2			I
Animals improperly kept		8	_		
Pigsties		15	—		3
Smoke Nuisances		_		_	_
Urinals	• • •	II			
Nuisances not specified abo	ove	267	133	7	97
Totals	•••	1941	551	81	826

			lumber on legister	Inspections made	Notices served	Nuisances abated with or without Notice
Dairies, Cowsheds and Milkshops 89				59	_	3
Bakehouses			4	26		2
Slaughter-houses	•	• • •	Ī	203	_	
Offensive Trades						
Common Lodging-hous	ses	•••		<del></del>	<del></del>	_
					-	
Tot	als	• • •	94	288		5

G. L. McCANN,

Surveyor and

Sanitary Inspector.



